

- A. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form actual damages to property in the amount of: \$8,555,000.00
- B. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of actual damages to businesses in the amount of: \$70,800,000.00
- C. Plaintiffs pray for treble damages for injuries suffer to Plaintiffs property in the amount of: \$. 25,665,000.00
- D. Plaintiffs pray for treble damages for injuries suffered to Plaintiffs businesses in the amount of: \$212,400,000.00
- E. Plaintiffs pray for reasonable attorney's fees should the Plaintiffs obtain the services of legal counsel in this matter.
- F. Plaintiffs pray for all reasonable court costs, and costs of bringing forth this matter including the costs of filing, recording costs, costs of discovery, costs of depositions, costs of travel to obtain depositions, as well as, copying and mailing costs associated in this matter.
- G. Plaintiffs pray for any and all other relief in the ends of, and in the pursuit of justice and any equitable relief this Honorable Court decides would be appropriate due to the gravity of the matter and the heinous acts of the Defendants.

Count 7

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1962(a)

- 268.** The allegations of paragraphs 13 through 217 are incorporated herein by reference.
- 269.** This Count is against Defendants Auto, and Fire (herein after the "Count 7 Defendants").
- 270.** The State Farm Group conglomerate enterprise, and the subsidiary association in fact enterprises identified as enterprises "A" through "G" engaged in and whose activities affect interstate commerce.
- 271.** The Count 7 Defendants received, used, and invested income that was derived from a pattern of racketeering activity in an interstate enterprise. Specifically, the Count 7 Defendants agreed to:
- A. create, establish, and operate an enterprise known as 'the state farm group' with purposeful knowledge and intent to:
 - 1) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - 2) defraud banking institutions
 - 3) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - 4) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - 5) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - a) was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - b) hired third party attorneys to commit

- i. acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - ii. acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - iii. acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - iv. and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 7 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
 - 6) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - a) members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - b) government regulators
 - c) banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - d) purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - e) purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - f) depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- B. create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and racketeering activities by:
- 1) issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:
 - a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums
 - c) training manuals
 - d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - e) sales directives and training manuals
 - f) marketing directives and training manuals
 - g) contracts between joint enterprises
 - h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - i) instruction manual to attorneys.
 - 2) issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:
 - a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums
 - c) training manuals
 - d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - e) sales directives and training manuals
 - f) marketing directives and training manuals
 - g) contracts between joint enterprises
 - h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - i) instruction manual to attorneys.

- 3) issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of racketeering activities including:
 - a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums
 - c) training manuals
 - d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - e) sales directives and training manuals
 - f) marketing directives and training manuals
 - g) contracts between joint enterprises
 - h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - i) instruction manual to attorneys.

C. creation of, usage of, participation in, and furtherance of the 'single entity fraud scheme' with knowledge and intent to:

- 1) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
- 2) defraud banking institutions
- 3) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
- 4) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
- 5) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - a) was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - b) hired third party attorneys to commit
 - i. acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - ii. acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - iii. acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - iv. and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 7 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
- 6) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - a) members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - b) government regulators
 - c) banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - d) purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - e) purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - f) depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- 7) create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and racketeering activities by:
 - a) issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:

- i. 'national corporate policies'
- ii. memorandums
- iii. training manuals
- iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
- v. sales directives and training manuals
- vi. marketing directives and training manuals
- vii. contracts between joint enterprises
- viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
- ix. instruction manual to attorneys.

b) issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:

- i. 'national corporate policies'
- ii. memorandums
- iii. training manuals
- iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
- v. sales directives and training manuals
- vi. marketing directives and training manuals
- vii. contracts between joint enterprises
- viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
- ix. instruction manual to attorneys.

c) issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of racketeering activities including:

- i. 'national corporate policies'
- ii. memorandums
- iii. training manuals
- iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
- v. sales directives and training manuals
- vi. marketing directives and training manuals
- vii. contracts between joint enterprises
- viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
- ix. instruction manual to attorneys.

D. Authorize the usage of, participate in the usage of, approve the usage of, and / or engage in marketing activities, sales activities, or operational activities of an individual enterprise which used the term 'state farm' instead of the full legal, and lawfully registered company enterprise name such as, 'State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company, or State Farm Fire and Casualty Company, or State Farm Lloyds, or State Farm Lloyds Inc in any form of communication to any party, including:

- 1) use in marketing materials

- 2) use in sales activities
- 3) use in claims activities
- 4) usage in general conversation
- 5) use in interviews
- 6) use in reports to
 - a) members of state farm mutual automobile insurance company
 - b) government officials
 - c) given in testimony to government officials
 - d) given in conversation with government regulators

E. Engage in interstate sales and marketing activities using the term 'state farm' to obscure the operational differences between the 'state farm' and the 25 companies owned by Defendant Auto, and the association in fact enterprises, with the knowledge such usage would affect interstate commerce, in order to:

- 1) create, establish, and operate an enterprise known as 'the state farm group' with purposeful knowledge and intent to:
 - a) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - b) defraud banking institutions
 - c) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - d) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - e) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - i. was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - ii. hired third party attorneys to commit
 - 1) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - 2) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - 3) acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - 4) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 7 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
- 2) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - a) members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - b) government regulators
 - c) banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - d) purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.

- e) purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - f) depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- 3) create, establish, and operate enterprises with purposeful knowledge and intent to:
- a) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - b) defraud banking institutions
 - c) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - d) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - e) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - i. was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - ii. hired third party attorneys to commit
 - 1) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - 2) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - 3) acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - 4) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 7 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
 - iii. operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - 1) members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - 2) government regulators
 - 3) banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - 4) purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - 5) purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - 6) depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
 - iv. create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and racketeering activities by:
 - 1) Issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:
 - a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums
 - c) training manuals

- d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - e) sales directives and training manuals
 - f) marketing directives and training manuals
 - g) contracts between joint enterprises
 - h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - i) instruction manual to attorneys.
 - v. issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:
 - 1) 'national corporate policies'
 - 2) memorandums
 - 3) training manuals
 - 4) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - 5) sales directives and training manuals
 - 6) marketing directives and training manuals
 - 7) contracts between joint enterprises
 - 8) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - 9) instruction manual to attorneys.
 - vi. issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of racketeering activities including:
 - 1) 'national corporate policies'
 - 2) memorandums
 - 3) training manuals
 - 4) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - 5) sales directives and training manuals
 - 6) marketing directives and training manuals
 - 7) contracts between joint enterprises
 - 8) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - 9) instruction manual to attorneys.
- F. Used interlocking directorates, interlinked officers positions in various and separate companies, and sperate but jointly interlinked employee positions in independent and allegedly separately operated companies owned by Defendant Auto, and utilized employees of separately operating companies owned by Defendant, to cause, engage in, or manage activities to:
 - 1) create, establish, and operate an enterprise known as 'the state farm group' with purposeful knowledge and intent to:
 - a) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - b) defraud banking institutions

- c) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - d) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - e) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - i. was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - ii. hired third party attorneys to commit
 - 1) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - 2) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - 3) acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - 4) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 7 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
 - f) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - i. members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - ii. government regulators
 - iii. banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - iv. purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - v. purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - vi. depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- 2) create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and racketeering activities by:
- a) issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:
 - i. 'national corporate policies'
 - ii. memorandums
 - iii. training manuals
 - iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - v. sales directives and training manuals
 - vi. marketing directives and training manuals
 - vii. contracts between joint enterprises
 - viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - ix. instruction manual to attorneys.
 - b) issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:
 - i. 'national corporate policies'

- ii. memorandums
 - iii. training manuals
 - iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - v. sales directives and training manuals
 - vi. marketing directives and training manuals
 - vii. contracts between joint enterprises
 - viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - ix. instruction manual to attorneys.
- c) issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of racketeering activities including:
- i. 'national corporate policies'
 - ii. memorandums
 - iii. training manuals
 - iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - v. sales directives and training manuals
 - vi. marketing directives and training manuals
 - vii. contracts between joint enterprises
 - viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - ix. instruction manual to attorneys.
- 3) creation of, usage of, participation in, and furtherance of the 'single entity fraud scheme' with knowledge and intent to:
- a) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - b) defraud banking institutions
 - c) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - d) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - e) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - i. was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - ii. hired third party attorneys to commit
 - 1) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - 2) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - 3) acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - 4) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 7 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
 - f) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in

rackeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:

- i. members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - ii. government regulators
 - iii. banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - iv. purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - v. purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - vi. depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- g) create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and rackeering activities by:
- i. issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:
 - 1) 'national corporate policies'
 - 2) memorandums
 - 3) training manuals
 - 4) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - 5) sales directives and training manuals
 - 6) marketing directives and training manuals
 - 7) contracts between joint enterprises
 - 8) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - 9) instruction manual to attorneys.
 - ii. issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:
 - 1) 'national corporate policies'
 - 2) memorandums
 - 3) training manuals
 - 4) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - 5) sales directives and training manuals
 - 6) marketing directives and training manuals
 - 7) contracts between joint enterprises
 - 8) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - 9) instruction manual to attorneys.
 - iii. issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of rackeering activities including:
 - 1) 'national corporate policies'
 - 2) memorandums
 - 3) training manuals
 - 4) claims and policy handling procedures manuals

- 5) sales directives and training manuals
 - 6) marketing directives and training manuals
 - 7) contracts between joint enterprises
 - 8) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - 9) instruction manual to attorneys.
- 4) Authorize the usage of, participate in the usage of, approve the usage of, and / or engage in marketing activities, sales activities, or operational activities of an individual enterprise which used the term 'state farm' instead of the full legal, and lawfully registered company enterprise name such as, 'State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company, or State Farm Fire and Casualty Company, or State Farm Lloyds, or State Farm Lloyds Inc in any form of communication to any party, including:
- a) use in marketing materials
 - b) use in sales activities
 - c) use in claims activities
 - d) usage in general conversation
 - e) use in interviews
 - f) use in reports to
 - i. members of state farm mutual automobile insurance company
 - ii. government officials
 - iii. given in testimony to government officials
 - iv. given in conversation with government regulators
- 5) Engage in interstate sales and marketing activities using the term 'state farm' to obscure the operational differences between the 'state farm' and the 25 companies owned by Defendant Auto, and the association in fact enterprises, with the knowledge such usage would affect interstate commerce, in order to:
- a) create, establish, and operate an enterprise known as 'the state farm group' with purposeful knowledge and intent to:
 - i. defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - ii. defraud banking institutions
 - iii. conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - 1) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - 2) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - 3) was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - 4) hired third party attorneys to commit
 - a) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'

- b) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - c) acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - d) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 7 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
- b) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
- i. members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - ii. government regulators
 - iii. banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - iv. purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - v. purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - vi. depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- c) create, establish, and operate enterprises with purposeful knowledge and intent to:
- i. defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - ii. defraud banking institutions
 - iii. conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - iv. engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - v. manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - 1) was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - 2) hired third party attorneys to commit
 - a) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - b) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - c) acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - d) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 7 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.

- 3) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - a) members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - b) government regulators
 - c) banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - d) purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - e) purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - f) depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- 4) create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and racketeering activities by:
 - a) Issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:
 - i. 'national corporate policies'
 - ii. memorandums
 - iii. training manuals
 - iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - v. sales directives and training manuals
 - vi. marketing directives and training manuals
 - vii. contracts between joint enterprises
 - viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - ix. instruction manual to attorneys.
- 5) issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:
 - a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums
 - c) training manuals
 - d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - e) sales directives and training manuals
 - f) marketing directives and training manuals
 - g) contracts between joint enterprises
 - h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms

- i) instruction manual to attorneys.
- 6) issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of racketeering activities including:
 - a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums
 - c) training manuals
 - d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - e) sales directives and training manuals
 - f) marketing directives and training manuals
 - g) contracts between joint enterprises
 - h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - i) instruction manual to attorneys.
- G. either directly or indirectly through employees or agents of the enterprises make statements or cause a third party to make statements which include false and fraudulent statements of fact, using the term 'state farm' including:
 - 1) Representing 25 companies owned by Defendant Auto, or more than one company owned by Defendant Auto, as one company in advertising activities, promotions, and campaigns.
 - 2) Representing 25 companies owned by Defendant Auto, or more than one company owned by Defendant Auto, as one company in sales activities, promotions, and campaigns.
 - 3) Representing 25 companies owned by Defendant Auto, or more than one company owned by Defendant Auto, as one company in claims activities, processes, or payment activities.
 - 4) engaging in a corporate scheme, or pattern of communication, or pattern of behavior to never to admit 'state farm':
 - a) makes mistakes
 - b) was found in court to conduct wrongful activity
 - c) does not 'act like a good neighbor'
 - d) does not 'help life go right'
 - e) engages in nefarious acts
 - f) engages in a pattern of behavior to include
 - i. abusive claims processes
 - ii. abuse of litigation as a profit protection mechanism
 - iii. conducts patterns of theft, and fraud by deception
 - g) conducts a knowingly abusive pattern of company activities
 - i. to deny payments on lawful claims
 - ii. to delay payments on lawful claims
 - iii. to refuse payments on claims based upon knowledge collection of the payment by the claimant would be more

- costly through litigation than viable, or financially able for the claimant to afford.
 - h) abuses customers good will
 - i) abuses claimants good will and causes financial damage due to 'state farms' operational policies.
 - 5) Defendants knowledge 'state farm' corporate policies unreasonably favor 'state farm' at the expense of the customer, including Plaintiffs
 - 6) Refusing to admit, acknowledge or disclose to prospective consumers 'State Farm' has a significant history which includes:
 - a) settlements of RICO claims against 'state farm'
 - b) state and federal court findings of fact that 'state farm' engaged in:
 - i. sales frauds
 - ii. claims frauds
 - iii. 'mad dog' defense tactics
 - iv. abuse of claimants including
 - 1) purposefully causing emotional duress
 - 2) purposeful defamation of claimants character
 - v. abuse of former 'state farm' employees acting as 'whistleblowers'
 - c) sizeable state and federal fines levied for:
 - i. fraudulent
 - 1) sales practices
 - 2) claims activities
 - 3) reporting to government agencies
 - d) Federal court rulings finding 'state farm' guilty of:
 - i. acts to defraud the federal government
 - ii. engaging in interstate fraud
 - iii. frauds against claimants
 - iv. using 'state farms' wealth and financial resources to cause pain, suffering and delay to claimants.
 - v. engaging in unreasonable litigation practices.
- H. Directly and or indirectly causing employees of enterprises to engage in racketeering activities in furtherance of fraud schemes, through directives, or company policies which authorize, or cause the commission of acts of:
- 1) mail fraud;
 - 2) wire fraud;
 - 3) bank fraud;
 - 4) extortion;
 - 5) robbery
 - 6) violations of 18 USC 1951
 - 7) violations of 18 USC 1952
 - 8) violations of 18 USC 1005
 - 9) violations of 18 USC 1006
 - 10) violations of 18 USC 656
 - 11) and other violations of 18 USC 1961(1) not here in listed.

272. The racketeering activities listed above set forth above in Paragraph 271, Sec. A through H individually set forth constitutes a pattern of racketeering activity pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1961(5).

273. As direct and proximate result of the Count 7 Defendants racketeering activities and violations of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(a), Plaintiffs have been injured in their businesses and property in that: Defendants including Count 7 Defendants utilized incomes derived from the patterns of racketeering activities, to operate separate other enterprises, association in fact enterprises and third party agents who conducted the enterprises criminal activities and other fraud schemes which injured the Plaintiffs directly. Additionally, the Defendants enterprises invested incomes from racketeering activities in order to pay the Defendants and enterprises in order to bribe them in to conducting and participating in racketeering activities which constructed a ‘circling and cyclic effect’ in where racketeering incomes become invested to fund racketeering activities and enterprises.

274. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs requests that this Court enter judgment against the Count 7 Defendants as follows:

- A. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form actual damages to property in the amount of: \$8,555,000.00
- B. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of actual damages to businesses in the amount of: \$70,800,000.00
- C. Plaintiffs pray for treble damages for injuries suffer to Plaintiffs property in the amount of: \$. 25,665,000.00
- D. Plaintiffs pray for treble damages for injuries suffered to Plaintiffs businesses in the amount of: \$212,400,000.00
- E. Plaintiffs pray for reasonable attorney’s fees should the Plaintiffs obtain the services of legal counsel in this matter.
- F. Plaintiffs pray for all reasonable court costs, and costs of bringing forth this matter including the costs of filing, recording costs, costs of discovery, costs of depositions, costs of travel to obtain depositions, as well as, copying and mailing costs associated in this matter.
- G. Plaintiffs pray for any and all other relief in the ends of, and in the pursuit of justice and any equitable relief this Honorable Court decides would be appropriate due to the gravity of the matter and the heinous acts of the Defendants.

Count 8

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1962(d)

275. The allegations of paragraphs 13 through 217 are incorporated herein by reference.

276. This Count is against Defendants Tipsord, Farney, Smith, Harbert, and Wey (herein after the “Count 8 Defendants”).

277. As set forth above, the Count 8 Defendants agreed and conspired to violate 18 U.S.C. § 1962(a), (b), and (c). Specifically: Defendants conspired to:

A. receive, use, and/or invest income that is derived from a pattern of racketeering activity in an interstate enterprise violating 18 U.S.C. § 1962(a) including:

- 1) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘like a good neighbor campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 100 individual predicate acts.
- 2) From 2016 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘make life right” campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 50 individual predicate acts.
- 3) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners” in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 4) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The

reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners’ in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.

- 5) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate issuance of fraudulent statements, sales materials, and ‘bills’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The items in question are in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 40 individual predicate acts.
- 6) From December 2015 through August, 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales activities of the enterprises conducted by employees managed, and controlled by Count 8 Defendants using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. In violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 30 individual predicate acts.
- 7) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 8 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 8 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of extortion in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than six separate and individual predicate acts.
- 8) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 8 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 8 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of robbery in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than eight separate and individual predicate acts.

B. acquire or maintain interests in the enterprise, and / or enterprises through a pattern of racketeering activity violating 18 U.S.C. § 1962(b) including:

- 1) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as

the ‘like a good neighbor campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 100 individual predicate acts.

- 2) From 2016 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘make life right” campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 50 individual predicate acts.
- 3) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners” in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 4) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners” in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 5) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate issuance of fraudulent statements, sales materials, and ‘bills’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The items in question are in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 40 individual predicate acts.
- 6) From December 2015 through August, 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales activities of the enterprises conducted by employees managed, and controlled by Count 8 Defendants using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. In violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 30 individual predicate acts.

- 7) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 8 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 8 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of extortion in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than six separate and individual predicate acts.
- 8) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 8 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 8 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of robbery in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than eight separate and individual predicate acts.

C. conduct and participate in the conduct of the affairs of the enterprise and/or enterprises through a pattern of racketeering activity violating 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c) including:

- 1) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘like a good neighbor campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 100 individual predicate acts.
- 2) From 2016 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘make life right” campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 50 individual predicate acts.
- 3) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners” in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.

- 4) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent 'annual reports' using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the 'annual reports to the automobile policy owners' in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 5) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate issuance of fraudulent statements, sales materials, and 'bills' using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The items in question are in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 40 individual predicate acts.
- 6) From December 2015 through August, 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales activities of the enterprises conducted by employees managed, and controlled by Count 8 Defendants using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. In violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 30 individual predicate acts.
- 7) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 8 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 8 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of extortion in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than six separate and individual predicate acts.
- 8) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 8 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 8 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of robbery in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than eight separate and individual predicate acts.

278. The Count 8 Defendants have intentionally conspired and agreed to directly and indirectly use or invest income that is derived from a pattern of racketeering activity in an interstate enterprise, acquire or maintain interests in the enterprise through a pattern of racketeering activity, and conduct and participate in the conduct of the affairs of the enterprise through a pattern of racketeering activity. The Count 8 Defendants knew that their predicate acts were part of a pattern of racketeering activity and agreed to the commission of those acts to further the schemes described above. That conduct constitutes a conspiracy to violate 18 U.S.C. §A 1962(a), (b), and (c), in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(d).

279. As direct and proximate result of the Count 8 Defendants' conspiracy, the overt acts taken in furtherance of that conspiracy, and violations of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(d), Plaintiffs have been injured in their businesses and property in that specifically:

A. Plaintiffs suffered injury and damages to property due to the Defendants' fraud schemes, patterns of racketeering behaviors and activities, and Defendants' purposeful acts of negligence by:

- 1) The Defendants' failure to properly deliver the products sold to the Plaintiffs in Defendants' "bait and switch" scheme. And;
- 2) The Defendants' ongoing and consistent negligence and fraud in failing to deliver the product sold to the Plaintiffs after receiving notice of their failures to deliver the correct product sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
- 3) The Defendants' acts of fraud, extortion, and robbery in the Defendants' fraudulent and criminal attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product criminally and fraudulently delivered to the Plaintiffs through the illegal use of the mails and the wires. And;
- 4) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (Fireplace) through the Defendants' frauds and criminalities in attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product. And;
- 5) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (corporeal rights as members of State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company). And;
- 6) The Defendants' theft and destruction of Plaintiffs' personal property required to recover monies in litigation against the negligent builder. And;
- 7) The Defendants' fraudulent and purposefully negligent 'failure' to adhere to the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product, which the Defendants were attempting to enforce upon the Plaintiffs, which resulted in further damage to Plaintiffs' property (automobiles). And;

- 8) The Defendants' theft of the Plaintiffs' personal property (automobile insurance contract), by acts of fraud, and in participation with the racketeering activities of the jointly operating criminal enterprises. And;
 - 9) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases, negligently and fraudulently reporting Plaintiffs as 'high risk', when in fact, the actions of the Defendants themselves, and the related negligence was the direct basis of the reporting. Plaintiffs were damaged in 'property' relating to this specific issue due to the destruction of established personal employment contracts.
- B. Plaintiffs suffered direct and proximate injuries to Plaintiffs' property due to the fraud schemes, racketeering activities and enterprises established, conducted, participated and operated by the Defendants in the amount of \$8,555,000.00. Plaintiffs' injuries were resultant from, and directly related to the Defendants' fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs into Defendants' 'bait and switch' fraud scheme, and related acts of conglomerate racketeering enterprises activities. Defendants' fraudulent sales and 'post sale' racketeering activities used to defraud the Plaintiffs, and unlawfully obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiffs, included the Defendants' bait and switch frauds, other sales fraud schemes and marketing fraud schemes, and the fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs by the illegal and unlawful use of the mail and the wires, as well as direct acts of racketeering and criminalities against the Plaintiffs, including robbery, extortion, acts of intimidation, fraudulent inducement to obtain Plaintiffs' signatures, coercion, and criminal negligence.
- i. Plaintiffs property injured and damaged are defined as:
 - a) building structure located at 605 Kiowa Drive west
 - b) Plaintiff Quinn's vehicle
 - c) Plaintiff Vanderbol's automobiles including 2008 BMW, 2004 Ford Excursion, 1999 Toyota Land Cruiser.
 - d) Plaintiffs personal property located at 605 Kiowa Drive West
 - ii. Plaintiffs suffered personal injuries in the form of:
 - a) Loss of income,
 - b) loss of status and life style
 - c) emotional duress
 - d) physical harm (exposure to toxic environments)
 - e) Loss of business investment, and surety.
- C. Plaintiffs suffered injury and damages to their businesses due to the Defendants' fraud schemes, patterns of racketeering behaviors and activities, and Defendants' purposeful acts of negligence by:
- 1) The Defendants' failure to properly deliver the products sold to the Plaintiffs in Defendants' "bait and switch" scheme. And;
 - 2) The Defendants' ongoing and consistent negligence and fraud in failing to deliver the product sold to the Plaintiffs after receiving notice of their failures to deliver the correct product sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
 - 3) The Defendants' acts of fraud, extortion, and robbery in the Defendants' fraudulent and criminal attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the

fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product criminally and fraudulently delivered to the Plaintiffs through the illegal use of the mails and the wires. And;

- 4) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (Fireplace) through the Defendants' frauds and criminalities in attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product. And;
- 5) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (corporeal rights as members of State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company). And;
- 6) The Defendants' theft and destruction of Plaintiffs' personal property required to recover monies in litigation against the negligent builder. And;
- 7) The Defendants' fraudulent and purposefully negligent 'failure' to adhere to the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product, which the Defendants were attempting to enforce upon the Plaintiffs, which resulted in further damage to Plaintiffs' property (automobiles). And;
- 8) The Defendants' theft of the Plaintiffs' personal property (automobile insurance contract), by acts of fraud, and in participation with the racketeering activities of the jointly operating criminal enterprises. And;
- 9) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases, negligently and fraudulently reporting Plaintiffs as 'high risk', when in fact, the actions of the Defendants themselves, and the related negligence was the direct basis of the reporting. Plaintiffs were damaged in 'property' relating to this specific issue due to the destruction of established personal employment contracts. And;
- 10) The Defendants' failure to make adequate, correct, and full restitution to the Plaintiffs in a reasonable amount of time, based upon the correct contract sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
- 11) The Defendants' failure to make proper restitution resulted in a complete 'shut-down' of business operations for a significant period of time due to the total losses suffered personally, by the Plaintiffs, and the businesses' loss of 'labor' and 'services' from the Plaintiffs due to the frauds, criminalities and acts of negligence by the Defendants.
- 12) The Defendants' purposefully negligent failures, frauds and criminalities, and acts of defamation of the Plaintiffs resulted in a loss of 'equity', and 'value' which graphically financially injured the business, due to the Plaintiffs' loss of reputation, status, credibility, 'creditworthiness' and 'risk assessment'.
- 13) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases graphically injured the businesses' ability to obtain underwriting for insurance and credit which:
 - a) dramatically and irrationally increased the costs of operations.
 - b) dramatically and irrationally increased the costs of monies and lines of credit.
 - c) dramatically increased the costs of operations, insurance, financial transactions, import of products, and costs of goods sold to a level the company was no longer profitable, or obtained the margin of profitability required by the business third party investors.
 - d) caused the businesses to no longer meet the requirements to obtain monies from signed investment agreements.

- 14) The Defendants' fraudulent schemes, operations and criminalities operating in a manner to damage the Plaintiffs, in order to obscure the Defendants' fraud schemes and criminality lasted for a period of time beyond a reasonable period of time, and as such, the businesses lost viability, profitability, and the ability to operate beyond their monetary reserves, and capabilities resulting in a complete collapse of the businesses.
- 15) The Defendants' causation of the collapse of the Plaintiffs' businesses, resulted in a complete loss of equity value and value of intellectual property held and assigned by the businesses.

D. Plaintiffs suffered direct and proximate damages and injuries to Plaintiffs' businesses due to the fraud schemes, racketeering activities and enterprises established, conducted, participated and operated by the Defendants in the amount of \$70,800,000.00. Plaintiffs' injuries were resultant from, and directly related to the Defendants' fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs into Defendants' 'bait and switch' fraud scheme, and related acts of conglomerate racketeering enterprises' activities. Defendants' fraudulent sales and 'post sale' racketeering activities used to defraud the Plaintiffs, and unlawfully obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiffs included the Defendants' bait and switch frauds, other sales fraud schemes and marketing fraud schemes, and the fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs by the illegal and unlawful use of the mail and the wires, as well as direct acts of racketeering and criminalities against the Plaintiffs, including robbery, extortion, acts of intimidation, fraudulent inducement to obtain Plaintiffs' signatures, coercion, and criminal negligence. And further acts of negligence, fraud, and criminalities conducted by the Defendants, and their enterprises including acts to defame the Plaintiffs, and the Defendants' purposefully fraudulent reporting of losses suffered by the Plaintiffs due to the acts of Defendants' frauds, and purposeful negligence to national risk reporting databases causing significant damage to the Plaintiffs' businesses, and resulted in incorrect, and the Defendants' purposefully fraudulent misrepresentation of the Plaintiffs, as risk parties. All of which greatly affected the businesses' ability to conduct commerce, and operate viability, to a point in which the businesses became insolvent.

i. Plaintiffs businesses injured and damaged are defined as:

- a) OPM Research and Development Inc.
- b) 9-Ten Holdings Inc.
- c) Neoteric Ventures Inc.
- d) Irr. Trust for the Benefit of John S. Vanderbol III and associated developmental projects including: resurrection fitness, post stroke survival tactics book, and product lines.

ii. Businesses suffered injuries including:

- a) loss of income
- b) loss of investments in hand
- c) loss of underwriting

- d) loss of professional services of:
 - 31. Plaintiff Vanderbol
 - 32. Plaintiff Quinn
 - 33. company staff hired
 - 34. company staff contracted
 - 35. subcontractor design services
 - 36. subcontractor production services
- e) loss of product in development
- f) loss of invested monies
- g) loss of equity value
- h) loss of market opportunity
- i) loss of viability of projects in development.

280. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request that this Court enter judgment against the Count 8 Defendants as follows:

- A. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form actual damages to property in the amount of: \$8,555,000.00
- B. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of actual damages to businesses in the amount of: \$70,800,000.00
- C. Plaintiffs pray for treble damages for injuries suffer to Plaintiffs property in the amount of: \$. 25,665,000.00
- D. Plaintiffs pray for treble damages for injuries suffered to Plaintiffs business in the amount of: \$212,400,000.00
- E. Plaintiffs pray for reasonable attorney's fees should the Plaintiffs obtain the services of legal counsel in this matter.
- F. Plaintiffs pray for all reasonable court costs, and costs of bringing forth this matter including the costs of filing, recording costs, costs of discovery, costs of depositions, costs of travel to obtain depositions, as well as, copying and mailing costs associated in this matter.
- G. Plaintiffs pray for any and all other relief in the ends of, and in the pursuit of justice and any equitable relief this Honorable Court decides would be appropriate due to the gravity of the matter and the heinous acts of the Defendants.

Count 9

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1962(d)

281. The allegations of paragraphs 13 through 217 are incorporated herein by reference.

282. This Count is against Defendants Auto, and Fire (herein after the "Count 9 Defendants").

283. As set forth above, the Count 9 Defendants agreed and conspired to violate 18 U.S.C. § 1962(a), (b), and (c). Specifically: Defendants conspired to:

A. receive, use, and/or invest income that is derived from a pattern of racketeering activity in an interstate enterprise violating 18 U.S.C. § 1962(a) including:

- 1) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘like a good neighbor campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 100 individual predicate acts.
- 2) From 2016 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘make life right” campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 50 individual predicate acts.
- 3) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners” in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 4) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners” in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 5) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate issuance of fraudulent statements, sales materials, and ‘bills’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The items in question are in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 40 individual predicate acts.

- 6) From December 2015 through August, 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales activities of the enterprises conducted by employees managed, and controlled by Count 1 Defendants using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. In violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 30 individual predicate acts.
- 7) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of extortion in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than six separate and individual predicate acts.
- 8) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of robbery in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than eight separate and individual predicate acts.

B. acquire or maintain interests in the enterprise, and / or enterprises through a pattern of racketeering activity violating 18 U.S.C. § 1962(b) including:

- 1) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the 'like a good neighbor campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 100 individual predicate acts.
- 2) From 2016 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as

the ‘make life right’ campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 50 individual predicate acts.

- 3) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners’ in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 4) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners’ in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 5) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate issuance of fraudulent statements, sales materials, and ‘bills’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The items in question are in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 40 individual predicate acts.
- 6) From December 2015 through August, 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales activities of the enterprises conducted by employees managed, and controlled by Count 1 Defendants using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. In violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 30 individual predicate acts.
- 7) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of extortion in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than six separate and individual predicate acts.

- 8) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of robbery in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than eight separate and individual predicate acts.

C. conduct and participate in the conduct of the affairs of the enterprise and/or enterprises through a pattern of racketeering activity violating 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c) including:

- 1) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘like a good neighbor campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 100 individual predicate acts.
- 2) From 2016 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘make life right” campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 50 individual predicate acts.
- 3) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners” in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 4) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud

schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners’ in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.

- 5) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate issuance of fraudulent statements, sales materials, and ‘bills’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The items in question are in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 40 individual predicate acts.
- 6) From December 2015 through August, 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales activities of the enterprises conducted by employees managed, and controlled by Count 1 Defendants using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. In violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 30 individual predicate acts.
- 7) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of extortion in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than six separate and individual predicate acts.
- 8) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of robbery in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than eight separate and individual predicate acts.

284. The Count 9 Defendants have intentionally conspired and agreed to directly and indirectly use or invest income that is derived from a pattern of racketeering activity in an interstate enterprise, acquire or maintain interests in the enterprise through a pattern of racketeering activity, and conduct and participate in the conduct of the affairs of the enterprise through a pattern of racketeering activity. The Count 9 Defendants knew that their predicate acts were

part of a pattern of racketeering activity and agreed to the commission of those acts to further the schemes described above. That conduct constitutes a conspiracy to violate 18 U.S.C. §A 1962(a), (b), and (c), in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(d).

285. As direct and proximate result of the Count 9 Defendants' conspiracy, the overt acts taken in furtherance of that conspiracy, and violations of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(d), Plaintiffs have been injured in their businesses and property in that specifically:

A. Plaintiffs suffered injury and damages to property due to the Defendants' fraud schemes, patterns of racketeering behaviors and activities, and Defendants' purposeful acts of negligence by:

- 1) The Defendants' failure to properly deliver the products sold to the Plaintiffs in Defendants' "bait and switch" scheme. And;
- 2) The Defendants' ongoing and consistent negligence and fraud in failing to deliver the product sold to the Plaintiffs after receiving notice of their failures to deliver the correct product sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
- 3) The Defendants' acts of fraud, extortion, and robbery in the Defendants' fraudulent and criminal attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product criminally and fraudulently delivered to the Plaintiffs through the illegal use of the mails and the wires. And;
- 4) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (Fireplace) through the Defendants' frauds and criminalities in attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product. And;
- 5) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (corporeal rights as members of State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company). And;
- 6) The Defendants' theft and destruction of Plaintiffs' personal property required to recover monies in litigation against the negligent builder. And;
- 7) The Defendants' fraudulent and purposefully negligent 'failure' to adhere to the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product, which the Defendants were attempting to enforce upon the Plaintiffs, which resulted in further damage to Plaintiffs' property (automobiles). And;
- 8) The Defendants' theft of the Plaintiffs' personal property (automobile insurance contract), by acts of fraud, and in participation with the racketeering activities of the jointly operating criminal enterprises. And;
- 9) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases, negligently and fraudulently reporting Plaintiffs as 'high risk', when in fact, the actions of the Defendants themselves, and the related negligence was the direct basis of the reporting. Plaintiffs were damaged in 'property' relating to this specific issue due to the destruction of established personal employment contracts.

- B. Plaintiffs suffered direct and proximate injuries to Plaintiffs' property due to the fraud schemes, racketeering activities and enterprises established, conducted, participated and operated by the Defendants in the amount of \$8,555,000.00. Plaintiffs' injuries were resultant from, and directly related to the Defendants' fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs into Defendants' 'bait and switch' fraud scheme, and related acts of conglomerate racketeering enterprises activities. Defendants' fraudulent sales and 'post sale' racketeering activities used to defraud the Plaintiffs, and unlawfully obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiffs, included the Defendants' bait and switch frauds, other sales fraud schemes and marketing fraud schemes, and the fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs by the illegal and unlawful use of the mail and the wires, as well as direct acts of racketeering and criminalities against the Plaintiffs, including robbery, extortion, acts of intimidation, fraudulent inducement to obtain Plaintiffs' signatures, coercion, and criminal negligence.
- i. Plaintiffs property injured and damaged are defined as:
 - a) building structure located at 605 Kiowa Drive west
 - b) Plaintiff Quinn's vehicle
 - c) Plaintiff Vanderbol's automobiles including 2008 BMW, 2004 Ford Excursion, 1999 Toyota Land Cruiser.
 - d) Plaintiffs personal property located at 605 Kiowa Drive West
 - ii. Plaintiffs suffered personal injuries in the form of:
 - a) Loss of income,
 - b) loss of status and life style
 - c) emotional duress
 - d) physical harm (exposure to toxic environments)
 - e) Loss of business investment, and surety.
- C. Plaintiffs suffered injury and damages to their businesses due to the Defendants' fraud schemes, patterns of racketeering behaviors and activities, and Defendants' purposeful acts of negligence by:
- 1) The Defendants' failure to properly deliver the products sold to the Plaintiffs in Defendants' "bait and switch" scheme. And;
 - 2) The Defendants' ongoing and consistent negligence and fraud in failing to deliver the product sold to the Plaintiffs after receiving notice of their failures to deliver the correct product sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
 - 3) The Defendants' acts of fraud, extortion, and robbery in the Defendants' fraudulent and criminal attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product criminally and fraudulently delivered to the Plaintiffs through the illegal use of the mails and the wires. And;
 - 4) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (Fireplace) through the Defendants' frauds and criminalities in attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product. And;
 - 5) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (corporeal rights as members of State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company). And;

- 6) The Defendants' theft and destruction of Plaintiffs' personal property required to recover monies in litigation against the negligent builder. And;
- 7) The Defendants' fraudulent and purposefully negligent 'failure' to adhere to the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product, which the Defendants were attempting to enforce upon the Plaintiffs, which resulted in further damage to Plaintiffs' property (automobiles). And;
- 8) The Defendants' theft of the Plaintiffs' personal property (automobile insurance contract), by acts of fraud, and in participation with the racketeering activities of the jointly operating criminal enterprises. And;
- 9) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases, negligently and fraudulently reporting Plaintiffs as 'high risk', when in fact, the actions of the Defendants themselves, and the related negligence was the direct basis of the reporting. Plaintiffs were damaged in 'property' relating to this specific issue due to the destruction of established personal employment contracts. And;
- 10) The Defendants' failure to make adequate, correct, and full restitution to the Plaintiffs in a reasonable amount of time, based upon the correct contract sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
- 11) The Defendants' failure to make proper restitution resulted in a complete 'shut-down' of business operations for a significant period of time due to the total losses suffered personally, by the Plaintiffs, and the businesses' loss of 'labor' and 'services' from the Plaintiffs due to the frauds, criminalities and acts of negligence by the Defendants.
- 12) The Defendants' purposefully negligent failures, frauds and criminalities, and acts of defamation of the Plaintiffs resulted in a loss of 'equity', and 'value' which graphically financially injured the business, due to the Plaintiffs' loss of reputation, status, credibility, 'creditworthiness' and 'risk assessment'.
- 13) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases graphically injured the businesses' ability to obtain underwriting for insurance and credit which:
 - a) dramatically and irrationally increased the costs of operations.
 - b) dramatically and irrationally increased the costs of monies and lines of credit.
 - c) dramatically increased the costs of operations, insurance, financial transactions, import of products, and costs of goods sold to a level the company was no longer profitable, or obtained the margin of profitability required by the business third party investors.
 - d) caused the businesses to no longer meet the requirements to obtain monies from signed investment agreements.
- 14) The Defendants' fraudulent schemes, operations and criminalities operating in a manner to damage the Plaintiffs, in order to obscure the Defendants' fraud schemes and criminality lasted for a period of time beyond a reasonable period of time, and as such, the businesses lost viability, profitability, and the ability to operate beyond their monetary reserves, and capabilities resulting in a complete collapse of the businesses.

15) The Defendants' causation of the collapse of the Plaintiffs' businesses, resulted in a complete loss of equity value and value of intellectual property held and assigned by the businesses.

D. Plaintiffs suffered direct and proximate damages and injuries to Plaintiffs' businesses due to the fraud schemes, racketeering activities and enterprises established, conducted, participated and operated by the Defendants in the amount of \$70,800,000.00. Plaintiffs' injuries were resultant from, and directly related to the Defendants' fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs into Defendants' 'bait and switch' fraud scheme, and related acts of conglomerate racketeering enterprises' activities. Defendants' fraudulent sales and 'post sale' racketeering activities used to defraud the Plaintiffs, and unlawfully obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiffs included the Defendants' bait and switch frauds, other sales fraud schemes and marketing fraud schemes, and the fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs by the illegal and unlawful use of the mail and the wires, as well as direct acts of racketeering and criminalities against the Plaintiffs, including robbery, extortion, acts of intimidation, fraudulent inducement to obtain Plaintiffs' signatures, coercion, and criminal negligence. And further acts of negligence, fraud, and criminalities conducted by the Defendants, and their enterprises including acts to defame the Plaintiffs, and the Defendants' purposefully fraudulent reporting of losses suffered by the Plaintiffs due to the acts of Defendants' frauds, and purposeful negligence to national risk reporting databases causing significant damage to the Plaintiffs' businesses, and resulted in incorrect, and the Defendants' purposefully fraudulent misrepresentation of the Plaintiffs, as risk parties. All of which greatly affected the businesses' ability to conduct commerce, and operate viability, to a point in which the businesses became insolvent.

i. Plaintiffs businesses injured and damaged are defined as:

- a) OPM Research and Development Inc.
- b) 9-Ten Holdings Inc.
- c) Neoteric Ventures Inc.
- d) Irr. Trust for the Benefit of John S. Vanderbol III and associated developmental projects including: resurrection fitness, post stroke survival tactics book, and product lines.

ii. Businesses suffered injuries including:

- a) loss of income
- b) loss of investments in hand
- c) loss of underwriting
- d) loss of professional services of:
 - 37. Plaintiff Vanderbol
 - 38. Plaintiff Quinn
 - 39. company staff hired
 - 40. company staff contracted
 - 41. subcontractor design services

42. subcontractor production services

- e) loss of product in development
- f) loss of invested monies
- g) loss of equity value
- h) loss of market opportunity
- i) loss of viability of projects in development.

286. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request that this Court enter judgment against the Count 9 Defendants as follows:

- A. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form actual damages to property in the amount of: \$8,555,000.00
- B. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of actual damages to businesses in the amount of: \$70,800,000.00
- C. Plaintiffs pray for treble damages for injuries suffer to Plaintiffs property in the amount of: \$. 25,665,000.00
- D. Plaintiffs pray for treble damages for injuries suffered to Plaintiffs business in the amount of: \$212,400,000.00
- E. Plaintiffs pray for reasonable attorney's fees should the Plaintiffs obtain the services of legal counsel in this matter.
- F. Plaintiffs pray for all reasonable court costs, and costs of bringing forth this matter including the costs of filing, recording costs, costs of discovery, costs of depositions, costs of travel to obtain depositions, as well as, copying and mailing costs associated in this matter.
- G. Plaintiffs pray for any and all other relief in the ends of, and in the pursuit of justice and any equitable relief this Honorable Court decides would be appropriate due to the gravity of the matter and the heinous acts of the Defendants.

Count 10
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1962(d)

287. The allegations of paragraphs 13 through 217 are incorporated herein by reference.

288. This Count is against Defendants Tipsord, Farney, Smith, Harbert, Wey, Fire, and Auto, (herein after the "Count 10 Defendants").

289. As set forth above, the Count 10 Defendants agreed and conspired to violate 18 U.S.C. § 1962(a), (b), and (c). Specifically: Defendants conspired to:

- A. receive, use, and/or invest income that is derived from a pattern of racketeering activity in an interstate enterprise violating 18 U.S.C. § 1962(a) including:

- 1) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘like a good neighbor campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 100 individual predicate acts.
- 2) From 2016 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘make life right” campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 50 individual predicate acts.
- 3) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners” in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 4) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners” in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 5) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate issuance of fraudulent statements, sales materials, and ‘bills’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The items in question are in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 40 individual predicate acts.
- 6) From December 2015 through August, 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales activities of the enterprises conducted by employees managed, and controlled by Count 1 Defendants

using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. In violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 30 individual predicate acts.

- 7) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of extortion in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than six separate and individual predicate acts.
- 8) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of robbery in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than eight separate and individual predicate acts.

B. acquire or maintain interests in the enterprise, and / or enterprises through a pattern of racketeering activity violating 18 U.S.C. § 1962(b) including:

- 1) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘like a good neighbor campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 100 individual predicate acts.
- 2) From 2016 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘make life right” campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 50 individual predicate acts.
- 3) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies

and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the 'annual reports to the automobile policy owners' in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.

- 4) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent 'annual reports' using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the 'annual reports to the automobile policy owners' in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 5) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate issuance of fraudulent statements, sales materials, and 'bills' using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The items in question are in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 40 individual predicate acts.
- 6) From December 2015 through August, 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales activities of the enterprises conducted by employees managed, and controlled by Count 1 Defendants using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. In violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 30 individual predicate acts.
- 7) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of extortion in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than six separate and individual predicate acts.
- 8) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of robbery in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than eight separate and individual predicate acts.

C. conduct and participate in the conduct of the affairs of the enterprise and/or enterprises through a pattern of racketeering activity violating 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c) including:

- 1) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘like a good neighbor campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 100 individual predicate acts.
- 2) From 2016 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘make life right” campaign, in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 50 individual predicate acts.
- 3) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners” in violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 4) From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The reports in question are known as the ‘annual reports to the automobile policy owners” in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 6 individual predicate acts.
- 5) From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate issuance of fraudulent statements, sales materials, and ‘bills’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties

from the Plaintiff by fraud. The items in question are in violation of 18 USC 1341, and constitutes more than 40 individual predicate acts.

- 6) From December 2015 through August, 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales activities of the enterprises conducted by employees managed, and controlled by Count 1 Defendants using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. In violation of 18 USC 1343, and constitutes more than 30 individual predicate acts.
- 7) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of extortion in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than six separate and individual predicate acts.
- 8) From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of robbery in violation of 18 USC 1951, 18 USC 1952, and 18 USC 1961(1), and constitutes more than eight separate and individual predicate acts.

290. The Count 10 Defendants have intentionally conspired and agreed to directly and indirectly use or invest income that is derived from a pattern of racketeering activity in an interstate enterprise, acquire or maintain interests in the enterprise through a pattern of racketeering activity, and conduct and participate in the conduct of the affairs of the enterprise through a pattern of racketeering activity. The Count 10 Defendants knew that their predicate acts were part of a pattern of racketeering activity and agreed to the commission of those acts to further the schemes described above. That conduct constitutes a conspiracy to violate 18 U.S.C. §A 1962(a), (b), and (c), in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(d).

291. As direct and proximate result of the Count 10 Defendants' conspiracy, the overt acts taken in furtherance of that conspiracy, and violations of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(d), Plaintiffs have been injured in their businesses and property in that specifically:

A. Plaintiffs suffered injury and damages to property due to the Defendants' fraud schemes, patterns of racketeering behaviors and activities, and Defendants' purposeful acts of negligence by:

- 1) The Defendants' failure to properly deliver the products sold to the Plaintiffs in Defendants' "bait and switch" scheme. And;
- 2) The Defendants' ongoing and consistent negligence and fraud in failing to deliver the product sold to the Plaintiffs after receiving notice of their failures to deliver the correct product sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
- 3) The Defendants' acts of fraud, extortion, and robbery in the Defendants' fraudulent and criminal attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product criminally and fraudulently delivered to the Plaintiffs through the illegal use of the mails and the wires. And;
- 4) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (Fireplace) through the Defendants' frauds and criminalities in attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product. And;
- 5) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (corporeal rights as members of State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company). And;
- 6) The Defendants' theft and destruction of Plaintiffs' personal property required to recover monies in litigation against the negligent builder. And;
- 7) The Defendants' fraudulent and purposefully negligent 'failure' to adhere to the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product, which the Defendants were attempting to enforce upon the Plaintiffs, which resulted in further damage to Plaintiffs' property (automobiles). And;
- 8) The Defendants' theft of the Plaintiffs' personal property (automobile insurance contract), by acts of fraud, and in participation with the racketeering activities of the jointly operating criminal enterprises. And;
- 9) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases, negligently and fraudulently reporting Plaintiffs as 'high risk', when in fact, the actions of the Defendants themselves, and the related negligence was the direct basis of the reporting. Plaintiffs were damaged in 'property' relating to this specific issue due to the destruction of established personal employment contracts.

B. Plaintiffs suffered direct and proximate injuries to Plaintiffs' property due to the fraud schemes, racketeering activities and enterprises established, conducted, participated and operated by the Defendants in the amount of \$8,555,000.00. Plaintiffs' injuries were resultant from, and directly related to the Defendants' fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs into Defendants' 'bait and switch' fraud scheme, and related acts of conglomerate racketeering enterprises activities. Defendants' fraudulent sales and 'post sale' racketeering activities used to defraud the Plaintiffs, and unlawfully obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiffs, included the Defendants' bait and switch frauds, other sales fraud schemes and marketing fraud schemes, and the fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs by the illegal and unlawful use of the mail and the wires, as well as direct acts of racketeering and criminalities against the Plaintiffs, including

robbery, extortion, acts of intimidation, fraudulent inducement to obtain Plaintiffs' signatures, coercion, and criminal negligence.

i. Plaintiffs property injured and damaged are defined as:

- a) building structure located at 605 Kiowa Drive west
- b) Plaintiff Quinn's vehicle
- c) Plaintiff Vanderbol's automobiles including 2008 BMW, 2004 Ford Excursion, 1999 Toyota Land Cruiser.
- d) Plaintiffs personal property located at 605 Kiowa Drive West

ii. Plaintiffs suffered personal injuries in the form of:

- a) Loss of income,
- b) loss of status and life style
- c) emotional duress
- d) physical harm (exposure to toxic environments)
- e) Loss of business investment, and surety.

C. Plaintiffs suffered injury and damages to their businesses due to the Defendants' fraud schemes, patterns of racketeering behaviors and activities, and Defendants' purposeful acts of negligence by:

- 1) The Defendants' failure to properly deliver the products sold to the Plaintiffs in Defendants' "bait and switch" scheme. And;
- 2) The Defendants' ongoing and consistent negligence and fraud in failing to deliver the product sold to the Plaintiffs after receiving notice of their failures to deliver the correct product sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
- 3) The Defendants' acts of fraud, extortion, and robbery in the Defendants' fraudulent and criminal attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product criminally and fraudulently delivered to the Plaintiffs through the illegal use of the mails and the wires. And;
- 4) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (Fireplace) through the Defendants' frauds and criminalities in attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product. And;
- 5) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (corporeal rights as members of State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company). And;
- 6) The Defendants' theft and destruction of Plaintiffs' personal property required to recover monies in litigation against the negligent builder. And;
- 7) The Defendants' fraudulent and purposefully negligent 'failure' to adhere to the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product, which the Defendants were attempting to enforce upon the Plaintiffs, which resulted in further damage to Plaintiffs' property (automobiles). And;
- 8) The Defendants' theft of the Plaintiffs' personal property (automobile insurance contract), by acts of fraud, and in participation with the racketeering activities of the jointly operating criminal enterprises. And;
- 9) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases, negligently and fraudulently reporting Plaintiffs as 'high risk', when in fact, the actions of the Defendants themselves, and the related negligence was the direct basis of the

reporting. Plaintiffs were damaged in 'property' relating to this specific issue due to the destruction of established personal employment contracts. And;

- 10) The Defendants' failure to make adequate, correct, and full restitution to the Plaintiffs in a reasonable amount of time, based upon the correct contract sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
- 11) The Defendants' failure to make proper restitution resulted in a complete 'shut-down' of business operations for a significant period of time due to the total losses suffered personally, by the Plaintiffs, and the businesses' loss of 'labor' and 'services' from the Plaintiffs due to the frauds, criminalities and acts of negligence by the Defendants.
- 12) The Defendants' purposefully negligent failures, frauds and criminalities, and acts of defamation of the Plaintiffs resulted in a loss of 'equity', and 'value' which graphically financially injured the business, due to the Plaintiffs' loss of reputation, status, credibility, 'creditworthiness' and 'risk assessment'.
- 13) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases graphically injured the businesses' ability to obtain underwriting for insurance and credit which:
 - a) dramatically and irrationally increased the costs of operations.
 - b) dramatically and irrationally increased the costs of monies and lines of credit.
 - c) dramatically increased the costs of operations, insurance, financial transactions, import of products, and costs of goods sold to a level the company was no longer profitable, or obtained the margin of profitability required by the business third party investors.
 - d) caused the businesses to no longer meet the requirements to obtain monies from signed investment agreements.
- 14) The Defendants' fraudulent schemes, operations and criminalities operating in a manner to damage the Plaintiffs, in order to obscure the Defendants' fraud schemes and criminality lasted for a period of time beyond a reasonable period of time, and as such, the businesses lost viability, profitability, and the ability to operate beyond their monetary reserves, and capabilities resulting in a complete collapse of the businesses.
- 15) The Defendants' causation of the collapse of the Plaintiffs' businesses, resulted in a complete loss of equity value and value of intellectual property held and assigned by the businesses.

D. Plaintiffs suffered direct and proximate damages and injuries to Plaintiffs' businesses due to the fraud schemes, racketeering activities and enterprises established, conducted, participated and operated by the Defendants in the amount of \$70,800,000.00. Plaintiffs' injuries were resultant from, and directly related to the Defendants' fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs into Defendants' 'bait and switch' fraud scheme, and related acts of conglomerate racketeering enterprises' activities. Defendants' fraudulent sales and 'post sale' racketeering activities used to defraud the Plaintiffs, and unlawfully obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiffs' included the Defendants' bait and switch frauds, other sales fraud schemes and marketing fraud schemes, and the fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs by the

illegal and unlawful use of the mail and the wires, as well as direct acts of racketeering and criminalities against the Plaintiffs, including robbery, extortion, acts of intimidation, fraudulent inducement to obtain Plaintiffs' signatures, coercion, and criminal negligence. And further acts of negligence, fraud, and criminalities conducted by the Defendants, and their enterprises including acts to defame the Plaintiffs, and the Defendants' purposefully fraudulent reporting of losses suffered by the Plaintiffs due to the acts of Defendants' frauds, and purposeful negligence to national risk reporting databases causing significant damage to the Plaintiffs' businesses, and resulted in incorrect, and the Defendants' purposefully fraudulent misrepresentation of the Plaintiffs, as risk parties. All of which greatly affected the businesses' ability to conduct commerce, and operate viability, to a point in which the businesses became insolvent.

- i. Plaintiffs businesses injured and damaged are defined as:
 - a) OPM Research and Development Inc.
 - b) 9-Ten Holdings Inc.
 - c) Neoteric Ventures Inc.
 - d) Irr. Trust for the Benefit of John S. Vanderbol III and associated developmental projects including: resurrection fitness, post stroke survival tactics book, and product lines.
- ii. Businesses suffered injuries including:
 - a) loss of income
 - b) loss of investments in hand
 - c) loss of underwriting
 - d) loss of professional services of:
 43. Plaintiff Vanderbol
 44. Plaintiff Quinn
 45. company staff hired
 46. company staff contracted
 47. subcontractor design services
 48. subcontractor production services
 - e) loss of product in development
 - f) loss of invested monies
 - g) loss of equity value
 - h) loss of market opportunity
 - i) loss of viability of projects in development.

292. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request that this Court enter judgment against the Count 10 Defendants as follows:

- A. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form actual damages to property in the amount of: \$8,555,000.00

- B. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of actual damages to businesses in the amount of: \$70,800,000.00
- C. Plaintiffs pray for treble damages for injuries suffer to Plaintiffs property in the amount of: \$. 25,665,000.00
- D. Plaintiffs pray for treble damages for injuries suffered to Plaintiffs business in the amount of: \$212,400,000.00
- E. Plaintiffs pray for reasonable attorney's fees should the Plaintiffs obtain the services of legal counsel in this matter.
- F. Plaintiffs pray for all reasonable court costs, and costs of bringing forth this matter including the costs of filing, recording costs, costs of discovery, costs of depositions, costs of travel to obtain depositions, as well as, copying and mailing costs associated in this matter.
- G. Plaintiffs pray for any and all other relief in the ends of, and in the pursuit of justice and any equitable relief this Honorable Court decides would be appropriate due to the gravity of the matter and the heinous acts of the Defendants.

Plaintiffs' Supplemental Claims

Count 11.

Deceptive Trade Practices.

Pursuant to Section 17.46(b) of the Texas Business and Commerce Code.

- 293.** The allegations of paragraphs 13 through 217 are incorporated herein by reference.
- 294.** This Count is against Defendants Fire, and Auto, (herein after the "Count 11 Defendants").
- 295.** The Count 11 Defendants agreed to and did conduct and participate in the conduct of the enterprises' affairs through a pattern of racketeering activity and for the unlawful purpose of intentionally defrauding Plaintiffs. Specifically, the Count 11 Defendants agreed to:
- A. create, establish, and operate an enterprise known as 'the state farm group' with purposeful knowledge and intent to:
 - 1) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - 2) defraud banking institutions
 - 3) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - 4) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - 5) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - a) was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - b) hired third party attorneys to commit
 - i. acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - ii. acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - iii. acts of criminalities under false pretenses

- iv. and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 1 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
 - 6) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - a) members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - b) government regulators
 - c) banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - d) purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - e) purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - f) depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- B. create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and racketeering activities by:
- 1) issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:
 - a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums
 - c) training manuals
 - d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - e) sales directives and training manuals
 - f) marketing directives and training manuals
 - g) contracts between joint enterprises
 - h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - i) instruction manual to attorneys.
 - 2) issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:
 - a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums
 - c) training manuals
 - d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - e) sales directives and training manuals
 - f) marketing directives and training manuals
 - g) contracts between joint enterprises
 - h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - i) instruction manual to attorneys.
 - 3) issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of racketeering activities including:
 - a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums

- c) training manuals
- d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
- e) sales directives and training manuals
- f) marketing directives and training manuals
- g) contracts between joint enterprises
- h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
- i) instruction manual to attorneys.

C. creation of, usage of, participation in, and furtherance of the 'single entity fraud scheme' with knowledge and intent to:

- 1) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
- 2) defraud banking institutions
- 3) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
- 4) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
- 5) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - a) was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - b) hired third party attorneys to commit
 - i. acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - ii. acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - iii. acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - iv. and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 1 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
- 6) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - a) members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - b) government regulators
 - c) banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - d) purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - e) purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - f) depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- 7) create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and racketeering activities by:
 - a) issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:
 - i. 'national corporate policies'
 - ii. memorandums
 - iii. training manuals
 - iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - v. sales directives and training manuals

- vi. marketing directives and training manuals
- vii. contracts between joint enterprises
- viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
- ix. instruction manual to attorneys.

b) issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:

- i. 'national corporate policies'
- ii. memorandums
- iii. training manuals
- iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
- v. sales directives and training manuals
- vi. marketing directives and training manuals
- vii. contracts between joint enterprises
- viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
- ix. instruction manual to attorneys.

c) issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of racketeering activities including:

- i. 'national corporate policies'
- ii. memorandums
- iii. training manuals
- iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
- v. sales directives and training manuals
- vi. marketing directives and training manuals
- vii. contracts between joint enterprises
- viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
- ix. instruction manual to attorneys.

D. Authorize the usage of, participate in the usage of, approve the usage of, and / or engage in marketing activities, sales activities, or operational activities of an individual enterprise which used the term 'state farm' instead of the full legal, and lawfully registered company enterprise name such as, 'State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company, or State Farm Fire and Casualty Company, or State Farm Lloyds, or State Farm Lloyds Inc in any form of communication to any party, including:

- 1) use in marketing materials
- 2) use in sales activities
- 3) use in claims activities
- 4) usage in general conversation
- 5) use in interviews
- 6) use in reports to

- a) members of state farm mutual automobile insurance company
- b) government officials
- c) given in testimony to government officials
- d) given in conversation with government regulators

E. Engage in interstate sales and marketing activities using the term 'state farm' to obscure the operational differences between the 'state farm' and the 25 companies owned by Defendant Auto, and the association in fact enterprises, with the knowledge such usage would affect interstate commerce, in order to:

- 1) create, establish, and operate an enterprise known as 'the state farm group' with purposeful knowledge and intent to:
 - a) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - b) defraud banking institutions
 - c) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - d) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - e) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - i. was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - ii. hired third party attorneys to commit
 - 1) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - 2) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - 3) acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - 4) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 1 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
- 2) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - a) members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - b) government regulators
 - c) banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - d) purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - e) purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - f) depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- 3) create, establish, and operate enterprises with purposeful knowledge and intent to:

- a) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
- b) defraud banking institutions
- c) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
- d) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
- e) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - i. was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - ii. hired third party attorneys to commit
 - 1) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - 2) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - 3) acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - 4) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 1 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
 - iii. operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - 1) members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - 2) government regulators
 - 3) banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - 4) purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - 5) purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - 6) depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
 - iv. create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and racketeering activities by:
 - 1) Issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:
 - a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums
 - c) training manuals
 - d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - e) sales directives and training manuals
 - f) marketing directives and training manuals
 - g) contracts between joint enterprises

- h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - i) instruction manual to attorneys.
 - v. issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:
 - 1) 'national corporate policies'
 - 2) memorandums
 - 3) training manuals
 - 4) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - 5) sales directives and training manuals
 - 6) marketing directives and training manuals
 - 7) contracts between joint enterprises
 - 8) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - 9) instruction manual to attorneys.
 - vi. issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of racketeering activities including:
 - 1) 'national corporate policies'
 - 2) memorandums
 - 3) training manuals
 - 4) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - 5) sales directives and training manuals
 - 6) marketing directives and training manuals
 - 7) contracts between joint enterprises
 - 8) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - 9) instruction manual to attorneys.
- F. Used interlocking directorates, interlinked officers positions in various and separate companies, and sperate but jointly interlinked employee positions in independent and allegedly separately operated companies owned by Defendant Auto, and utilized employees of separately operating companies owned by Defendant, to cause, engage in, or manage activities to:
 - 1) create, establish, and operate an enterprise known as 'the state farm group' with purposeful knowledge and intent to:
 - a) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - b) defraud banking institutions
 - c) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - d) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities

- e) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - i. was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - ii. hired third party attorneys to commit
 - 1) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - 2) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - 3) acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - 4) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 1 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
 - f) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - i. members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - ii. government regulators
 - iii. banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - iv. purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - v. purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - vi. depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- 2) create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and racketeering activities by:
- a) issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:
 - i. 'national corporate policies'
 - ii. memorandums
 - iii. training manuals
 - iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - v. sales directives and training manuals
 - vi. marketing directives and training manuals
 - vii. contracts between joint enterprises
 - viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - ix. instruction manual to attorneys.
 - b) issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:
 - i. 'national corporate policies'
 - ii. memorandums
 - iii. training manuals
 - iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals

- v. sales directives and training manuals
 - vi. marketing directives and training manuals
 - vii. contracts between joint enterprises
 - viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - ix. instruction manual to attorneys.
- c) issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of racketeering activities including:
- i. 'national corporate policies'
 - ii. memorandums
 - iii. training manuals
 - iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - v. sales directives and training manuals
 - vi. marketing directives and training manuals
 - vii. contracts between joint enterprises
 - viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - ix. instruction manual to attorneys.
- 3) creation of, usage of, participation in, and furtherance of the 'single entity fraud scheme' with knowledge and intent to:
- a) defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - b) defraud banking institutions
 - c) conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - d) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - e) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - i. was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - ii. hired third party attorneys to commit
 - 1) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - 2) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - 3) acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - 4) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 1 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
 - f) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm,

the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:

- i. members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - ii. government regulators
 - iii. banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - iv. purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - v. purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - vi. depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- g) create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and racketeering activities by:
- i. issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:
 - 1) 'national corporate policies'
 - 2) memorandums
 - 3) training manuals
 - 4) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - 5) sales directives and training manuals
 - 6) marketing directives and training manuals
 - 7) contracts between joint enterprises
 - 8) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - 9) instruction manual to attorneys.
 - ii. issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:
 - 1) 'national corporate policies'
 - 2) memorandums
 - 3) training manuals
 - 4) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - 5) sales directives and training manuals
 - 6) marketing directives and training manuals
 - 7) contracts between joint enterprises
 - 8) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - 9) instruction manual to attorneys.
 - iii. issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of racketeering activities including:
 - 1) 'national corporate policies'
 - 2) memorandums
 - 3) training manuals
 - 4) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - 5) sales directives and training manuals
 - 6) marketing directives and training manuals

- 7) contracts between joint enterprises
 - 8) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - 9) instruction manual to attorneys.
- 4) Authorize the usage of, participate in the usage of, approve the usage of, and / or engage in marketing activities, sales activities, or operational activities of an individual enterprise which used the term 'state farm' instead of the full legal, and lawfully registered company enterprise name such as, 'State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company, or State Farm Fire and Casualty Company, or State Farm Lloyds, or State Farm Lloyds Inc in any form of communication to any party, including:
- a) use in marketing materials
 - b) use in sales activities
 - c) use in claims activities
 - d) usage in general conversation
 - e) use in interviews
 - f) use in reports to
 - i. members of state farm mutual automobile insurance company
 - ii. government officials
 - iii. given in testimony to government officials
 - iv. given in conversation with government regulators
- 5) Engage in interstate sales and marketing activities using the term 'state farm' to obscure the operational differences between the 'state farm' and the 25 companies owned by Defendant Auto, and the association in fact enterprises, with the knowledge such usage would affect interstate commerce, in order to:
- a) create, establish, and operate an enterprise known as 'the state farm group' with purposeful knowledge and intent to:
 - i. defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - ii. defraud banking institutions
 - iii. conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - 1) engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - 2) manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - 3) was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - 4) hired third party attorneys to commit
 - a) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - b) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - c) acts of criminalities under false pretenses

- d) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 1 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
- b) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:
 - i. members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - ii. government regulators
 - iii. banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - iv. purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - v. purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - vi. depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- c) create, establish, and operate enterprises with purposeful knowledge and intent to:
 - i. defraud parties, such as the plaintiffs.
 - ii. defraud banking institutions
 - iii. conduct a single entity fraud scheme designed to defraud parties
 - iv. engage in association in fact enterprises engaged in racketeering activities
 - v. manage and operate association in fact relationships in a complex and confusion operational manner which:
 - 1) was designed to conduct racketeering activities
 - 2) hired third party attorneys to commit
 - a) acts of fraud upon consumers of 'state farm products'
 - b) acts of fraud upon the court system of the states and the federal government
 - c) acts of criminalities under false pretenses
 - d) and engage in third party criminal acts for hire, whether the attorney had direct knowledge of the crime, or the Count 1 defendants or their enterprises concealed the crime from said attorney by acts of fraud, and failure to disclose material fact.
 - 3) operate an enterprise without full disclosure of their intent, their acts of fraudulent activity, their affiliation with enterprises engaged in racketeering

activities, their corporate management policies, their operational structure of subsidiary companies owned by state farm, the intent and operation of association in fact enterprises harbored in companies owned by Defendant Auto to:

- a) members of 'state farm automobile insurance company'
 - b) government regulators
 - c) banking officers, and banking institutions in general
 - d) purchasers of debentures sold by 'state farm' enterprises.
 - e) purchasers of 'state farm' products
 - f) depositors in 'state farm bank fsb'
- 4) create, establish, direct, manage, authorize and participate in the furtherance of patterns of fraud and racketeering activities by:
- a) Issuance of directives to employees of the enterprises including:
 - i. 'national corporate policies'
 - ii. memorandums
 - iii. training manuals
 - iv. claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - v. sales directives and training manuals
 - vi. marketing directives and training manuals
 - vii. contracts between joint enterprises
 - viii. contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - ix. instruction manual to attorneys.
- 5) issuances of directives to third party agents of the enterprises including:
- a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums
 - c) training manuals
 - d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - e) sales directives and training manuals
 - f) marketing directives and training manuals
 - g) contracts between joint enterprises
 - h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - i) instruction manual to attorneys.

- 6) issuances of 'proposals', resolutions, and analysis of operations, in order to conduct fraudulent activities, criminalities, frauds, and patterns of racketeering activities including:
 - a) 'national corporate policies'
 - b) memorandums
 - c) training manuals
 - d) claims and policy handling procedures manuals
 - e) sales directives and training manuals
 - f) marketing directives and training manuals
 - g) contracts between joint enterprises
 - h) contracts with third party agents, and agencies, including law firms
 - i) instruction manual to attorneys.
- G. either directly or indirectly through employees or agents of the enterprises make statements or cause a third party to make statements which include false and fraudulent statements of fact, using the term 'state farm' including:
- 1) Representing 25 companies owned by Defendant Auto, or more than one company owned by Defendant Auto, as one company in advertising activities, promotions, and campaigns.
 - 2) Representing 25 companies owned by Defendant Auto, or more than one company owned by Defendant Auto, as one company in sales activities, promotions, and campaigns.
 - 3) Representing 25 companies owned by Defendant Auto, or more than one company owned by Defendant Auto, as one company in claims activities, processes, or payment activities.
 - 4) engaging in a corporate scheme, or pattern of communication, or pattern of behavior to never to admit 'state farm':
 - a) makes mistakes
 - b) was found in court to conduct wrongful activity
 - c) does not 'act like a good neighbor'
 - d) does not 'help life go right'
 - e) engages in nefarious acts
 - f) engages in a pattern of behavior to include
 - i. abusive claims processes
 - ii. abuse of litigation as a profit protection mechanism
 - iii. conducts patterns of theft, and fraud by deception
 - g) conducts a knowingly abusive pattern of company activities
 - i. to deny payments on lawful claims
 - ii. to delay payments on lawful claims
 - iii. to refuse payments on claims based upon knowledge collection of the payment by the claimant would be more costly through litigation than viable, or financially able for the claimant to afford.
 - h) abuses customers good will

- i) abuses claimants good will and causes financial damage due to 'state farms' operational policies.
- 5) Defendants knowledge 'state farm' corporate policies unreasonably favor 'state farm' at the expense of the customer, including Plaintiffs
- 6) Refusing to admit, acknowledge or disclose to prospective consumers 'State Farm' has a significant history which includes:
 - a) settlements of RICO claims against 'state farm'
 - b) state and federal court findings of fact that 'state farm' engaged in:
 - i. sales frauds
 - ii. claims frauds
 - iii. 'mad dog' defense tactics
 - iv. abuse of claimants including
 - 1) purposefully causing emotional duress
 - 2) purposeful defamation of claimants character
 - v. abuse of former 'state farm' employees acting as 'whistleblowers'
 - c) sizeable state and federal fines levied for:
 - i. fraudulent
 - 1) sales practices
 - 2) claims activities
 - 3) reporting to government agencies
 - d) Federal court rulings finding 'state farm' guilty of:
 - i. acts to defraud the federal government
 - ii. engaging in interstate fraud
 - iii. frauds against claimants
 - iv. using 'state farms' wealth and financial resources to cause pain, suffering and delay to claimants.
 - v. engaging in unreasonable litigation practices.

H. Directly and or indirectly causing employees of enterprises to engage in racketeering activities in furtherance of fraud schemes, through directives, or company policies which authorize, or cause the commission of acts of:

- 1) mail fraud;
- 2) wire fraud;
- 3) bank fraud;
- 4) extortion;
- 5) robbery
- 6) violations of 18 USC 1951
- 7) violations of 18 USC 1952
- 8) violations of 18 USC 1005
- 9) violations of 18 USC 1006
- 10) violations of 18 USC 656
- 11) and other violations of 18 USC 1961(1) not here in listed.

296. Pursuant to and in furtherance of their fraudulent scheme, Defendants Auto, and Fire committed multiple related acts of racketeering activities conducted by enterprises, and directly and indirectly by the Count 11 Defendants including:

- A. From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘like a good neighbor campaign.
- B. From 2016 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraud campaigns using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud. The campaign in question is known as the ‘make life right” campaign.
- C. From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud.
- D. From 2012 through 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales supporting activities in the issuance of fraudulent ‘annual reports’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud.
- E. From 2012 through 2019 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate issuance of fraudulent statements, sales materials, and ‘bills’ using the US Postal Service, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud.
- F. From December 2015 through August, 2018 engaging in interstate commerce affecting interstate fraudulent marketing and sales activities of the enterprises conducted by employees managed, and controlled by Count 1 Defendants using the wires, in interstate communications designed to further the Defendants enterprises fraud schemes and racketeering activities, used to unlawfully defraud Plaintiffs and to illegally obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiff by fraud.
- G. From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises

managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of extortion.

- H. From February 27th, 2017 and onward, in a continuing pattern of racketeering behavior conducted by employees, and third-party agents, of the enterprises managed, operated and controlled by the Count 1 Defendants. Employees of the enterprises managed and controlled the Count 1 Defendants engaged in distinctly separate acts of robbery.
- I. Plaintiffs have claims pursuant Texas Title 5, subtitle c, chapter 451 Defendants multiple violations of law including:
- 1) Sec. 541.051 Defendants Misrepresentations Regarding Policy or Insurer including:
 - a) Defendants misrepresentation of policy. Violation of Tx. Sec. 541.051(1)(A).
 - b) Defendants misrepresentation of policy, insurer, and class of policy. Violation of Tx. Sec. 541.051(3)(A).
 - 2) Sec. 541.052 Defendants ongoing and continuing acts as argued here within this complaint, which include False advertising, and deceptive acts and business practices in advertising, statements, and announcements, containing untrue, deceptive, and / or misleading assertions, representations, or statements regarding business of insurance, AND a person's in the conduct of insurance business, in radio and television broadcasts, through the internet, and / or in any other manner. Multiple Violations of Sec. 541.052(a) and Sec. 541.052 (b)(1), Sec. 541.052 (b)(3), Sec. 541.052 (b)(4), and Sec. 541.052 (b)(5).
 - 3) Sec. 541.054 Defendants multiple acts of intimidation, coercion and deceptive acts as argued here within this complaint.
 - 4) Sec. 541.055 Defendants ongoing and continuing acts of making false financial statements as argued here within this complaint, in the form of the fraudulent 'annual report to shareholders' issued by the Defendants, and the Defendants enterprises in violation of Sec. 541.055(2)
 - 5) Sec. 541.059 Defendants ongoing and continuing acts of deceptive use of names, words, symbols, devices, and slogans. In violation of Sec. 541.059(a)(1), Sec. 541.059(a)(2), Sec. 541.059(b) as argued here within this complaint.
 - 6) Sec. 541.061 Defendants ongoing and continuing acts of misrepresentation of insurance policies as argued here within this complaint, in violation of:

- a) Sec. 541.061(1) Defendants, and defendants enterprises making of untrue statements of material fact.
- b) Sec. 541.061(2) Defendants, and defendants enterprises failing to state a material fact necessary to make other statements not misleading.
- c) Sec. 541.061(3), Defendants, and defendants enterprises making of statements in a manner that would mislead a reasonably prudent person to a false conclusion of material fact.
- d) Sec. 541.061(4) Defendants, and defendants enterprises making of material misstatements of law.

297. As a direct and proximate result of the Count 11 Defendants' Deceptive trade practices, and violations of *Section 17.46(b), Texas Business & Commerce Code*, pursuant to **Texas Insurance Code, Section 541.151**. Plaintiffs have been injured in their businesses and property in in that specifically:

A. Plaintiffs suffered injury and damages to property due to the Defendants' fraud schemes, patterns of racketeering behaviors and activities, and Defendants' purposeful acts of negligence by:

- 1) The Defendants' failure to properly deliver the products sold to the Plaintiffs in Defendants' "bait and switch" scheme. And;
- 2) The Defendants' ongoing and consistent negligence and fraud in failing to deliver the product sold to the Plaintiffs after receiving notice of their failures to deliver the correct product sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
- 3) The Defendants' acts of fraud, extortion, and robbery in the Defendants' fraudulent and criminal attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product criminally and fraudulently delivered to the Plaintiffs through the illegal use of the mails and the wires. And;
- 4) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (Fireplace) through the Defendants' frauds and criminalities in attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product. And;
- 5) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (corporeal rights as members of State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company). And;
- 6) The Defendants' theft and destruction of Plaintiffs' personal property required to recover monies in litigation against the negligent builder. And;
- 7) The Defendants' fraudulent and purposefully negligent 'failure' to adhere to the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product, which the Defendants were attempting to enforce upon the Plaintiffs, which resulted in further damage to Plaintiffs' property (automobiles). And;
- 8) The Defendants' theft of the Plaintiffs' personal property (automobile insurance contract), by acts of fraud, and in participation with the racketeering activities of the jointly operating criminal enterprises. And;

- 9) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases, negligently and fraudulently reporting Plaintiffs as 'high risk', when in fact, the actions of the Defendants themselves, and the related negligence was the direct basis of the reporting. Plaintiffs were damaged in 'property' relating to this specific issue due to the destruction of established personal employment contracts.
- B. Plaintiffs suffered direct and proximate injuries to Plaintiffs' property due to the fraud schemes, racketeering activities and enterprises established, conducted, participated and operated by the Defendants in the amount of \$8,555,000.00. Plaintiffs' injuries were resultant from, and directly related to the Defendants' fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs into Defendants' 'bait and switch' fraud scheme, and related acts of conglomerate racketeering enterprises activities. Defendants' fraudulent sales and 'post sale' racketeering activities used to defraud the Plaintiffs, and unlawfully obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiffs, included the Defendants' bait and switch frauds, other sales fraud schemes and marketing fraud schemes, and the fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs by the illegal and unlawful use of the mail and the wires, as well as direct acts of racketeering and criminalities against the Plaintiffs, including robbery, extortion, acts of intimidation, fraudulent inducement to obtain Plaintiffs' signatures, coercion, and criminal negligence.
- i. Plaintiffs property injured and damaged are defined as:
 - a) building structure located at 605 Kiowa Drive west
 - b) Plaintiff Quinn's vehicle
 - c) Plaintiff Vanderbol's automobiles including 2008 BMW, 2004 Ford Excursion, 1999 Toyota Land Cruiser.
 - d) Plaintiffs personal property located at 605 Kiowa Drive West
 - ii. Plaintiffs suffered personal injuries in the form of:
 - a) Loss of income,
 - b) loss of status and life style
 - c) emotional duress
 - d) physical harm (exposure to toxic environments)
 - e) Loss of business investment, and surety.
- C. Plaintiffs suffered injury and damages to their businesses due to the Defendants' fraud schemes, patterns of racketeering behaviors and activities, and Defendants' purposeful acts of negligence by:
- 1) The Defendants' failure to properly deliver the products sold to the Plaintiffs in Defendants' "bait and switch" scheme. And;
 - 2) The Defendants' ongoing and consistent negligence and fraud in failing to deliver the product sold to the Plaintiffs after receiving notice of their failures to deliver the correct product sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
 - 3) The Defendants' acts of fraud, extortion, and robbery in the Defendants' fraudulent and criminal attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product criminally and fraudulently delivered to the Plaintiffs through the illegal use of the mails and the wires. And;

- 4) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (Fireplace) through the Defendants' frauds and criminalities in attempts to enforce the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product. And;
- 5) The Defendants' theft of Plaintiffs' personal property (corporeal rights as members of State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company). And;
- 6) The Defendants' theft and destruction of Plaintiffs' personal property required to recover monies in litigation against the negligent builder. And;
- 7) The Defendants' fraudulent and purposefully negligent 'failure' to adhere to the terms and conditions of the fraudulently sold 'bait and switch' product, which the Defendants were attempting to enforce upon the Plaintiffs, which resulted in further damage to Plaintiffs' property (automobiles). And;
- 8) The Defendants' theft of the Plaintiffs' personal property (automobile insurance contract), by acts of fraud, and in participation with the racketeering activities of the jointly operating criminal enterprises. And;
- 9) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases, negligently and fraudulently reporting Plaintiffs as 'high risk', when in fact, the actions of the Defendants themselves, and the related negligence was the direct basis of the reporting. Plaintiffs were damaged in 'property' relating to this specific issue due to the destruction of established personal employment contracts. And;
- 10) The Defendants' failure to make adequate, correct, and full restitution to the Plaintiffs in a reasonable amount of time, based upon the correct contract sold to the Plaintiffs. And;
- 11) The Defendants' failure to make proper restitution resulted in a complete 'shut-down' of business operations for a significant period of time due to the total losses suffered personally, by the Plaintiffs, and the businesses' loss of 'labor' and 'services' from the Plaintiffs due to the frauds, criminalities and acts of negligence by the Defendants.
- 12) The Defendants' purposefully negligent failures, frauds and criminalities, and acts of defamation of the Plaintiffs resulted in a loss of 'equity', and 'value' which graphically financially injured the business, due to the Plaintiffs' loss of reputation, status, credibility, 'creditworthiness' and 'risk assessment'.
- 13) The Defendants' fraudulent reporting to national databases graphically injured the businesses' ability to obtain underwriting for insurance and credit which:
 - a) dramatically and irrationally increased the costs of operations.
 - b) dramatically and irrationally increased the costs of monies and lines of credit.
 - c) dramatically increased the costs of operations, insurance, financial transactions, import of products, and costs of goods sold to a level the company was no longer profitable, or obtained the margin of profitability required by the business third party investors.
 - d) caused the businesses to no longer meet the requirements to obtain monies from signed investment agreements.
- 14) The Defendants' fraudulent schemes, operations and criminalities operating in a manner to damage the Plaintiffs, in order to obscure the Defendants' fraud schemes and criminality lasted for a period of time beyond a reasonable

period of time, and as such, the businesses lost viability, profitability, and the ability to operate beyond their monetary reserves, and capabilities resulting in a complete collapse of the businesses.

15) The Defendants' causation of the collapse of the Plaintiffs' businesses, resulted in a complete loss of equity value and value of intellectual property held and assigned by the businesses.

D. Plaintiffs suffered direct and proximate damages and injuries to Plaintiffs' businesses due to the fraud schemes, racketeering activities and enterprises established, conducted, participated and operated by the Defendants in the amount of \$70,800,000.00. Plaintiffs' injuries were resultant from, and directly related to the Defendants' fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs into Defendants' 'bait and switch' fraud scheme, and related acts of conglomerate racketeering enterprises' activities. Defendants' fraudulent sales and 'post sale' racketeering activities used to defraud the Plaintiffs, and unlawfully obtain monies and properties from the Plaintiffs included the Defendants' bait and switch frauds, other sales fraud schemes and marketing fraud schemes, and the fraudulent inducement of the Plaintiffs by the illegal and unlawful use of the mail and the wires, as well as direct acts of racketeering and criminalities against the Plaintiffs, including robbery, extortion, acts of intimidation, fraudulent inducement to obtain Plaintiffs' signatures, coercion, and criminal negligence. And further acts of negligence, fraud, and criminalities conducted by the Defendants, and their enterprises including acts to defame the Plaintiffs, and the Defendants' purposefully fraudulent reporting of losses suffered by the Plaintiffs due to the acts of Defendants' frauds, and purposeful negligence to national risk reporting databases causing significant damage to the Plaintiffs' businesses, and resulted in incorrect, and the Defendants' purposefully fraudulent misrepresentation of the Plaintiffs, as risk parties. All of which greatly affected the businesses' ability to conduct commerce, and operate viability, to a point in which the businesses became insolvent.

i. Plaintiffs businesses injured and damaged are defined as:

- a) OPM Research and Development Inc.
- b) 9-Ten Holdings Inc.
- c) Neoteric Ventures Inc.
- d) Irr. Trust for the Benefit of John S. Vanderbol III and associated developmental projects including: resurrection fitness, post stroke survival tactics book, and product lines.

ii. Businesses suffered injuries including:

- a) loss of income
- b) loss of investments in hand
- c) loss of underwriting
- d) loss of professional services of:
 - 49. Plaintiff Vanderbol
 - 50. Plaintiff Quinn

- 51. company staff hired
- 52. company staff contracted
- 53. subcontractor design services
- 54. subcontractor production services

- e) loss of product in development
- f) loss of invested monies
- g) loss of equity value
- h) loss of market opportunity
- i) loss of viability of projects in development.

298. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request that this Court enter judgment against the Count 2 Defendants as follows:

- A. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form actual damages to property in the amount of: \$8,555,000.00
- B. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of actual damages to businesses in the amount of: \$70,800,000.00
- C. Plaintiffs pray for punitive damages for injuries suffer to Plaintiffs property in the amount of: \$. 25,665,000.00
- D. Plaintiffs pray for punitive damages for injuries suffered to Plaintiffs business in the amount of: \$212,400,000.00
- E. Plaintiffs pray for reasonable attorney's fees should the Plaintiffs obtain the services of legal counsel in this matter.
- F. Plaintiffs pray for all reasonable court costs, and costs of bringing forth this matter including the costs of filing, recording costs, costs of discovery, costs of depositions, costs of travel to obtain depositions, as well as, copying and mailing costs associated in this matter.
- G. Plaintiffs pray for any and all other relief in the ends of, and in the pursuit of justice and any equitable relief this Honorable Court decides would be appropriate due to the gravity of the matter and the heinous acts of the Defendants.

Count 12.

Fraudulent Inducement pursuant to

299. The allegations of paragraphs 13 through 217 are incorporated herein by reference.

300. This Count is against Defendants Fire, Auto, and Defendants Tipsord, Farney, Smith, Harbert, and Wey. (herein after the "Count 12 Defendants").

301. The Count 12 Defendants agreed to conducts acts of fraud and direct employees of their enterprises to fraudulently induce the Plaintiffs on multiple occasions as listed in the above complaint.

302. Plaintiffs have claims pursuant to Texas Prac. and Civ. Rem. Code Sec. 33.001, as applicable in Sec. 33.002(1) and Sec. 33.002(2) of the Texas Prac. and Civ. Rem Code, as defined in Sec. 33.013(2)(L) due to Defendants intention to do harm to the Plaintiffs, and acts in concert with other persons (conspiracy) for violations of Section 32.46 of the Texas Penal Code, for Defendants, Defendants enterprises, and Defendant's enterprises employees multiple acts of fraudulent inducement conducted over a period of time from January of 2016 through August of 2017 as listed in the above complaint.

303. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request that this Court enter judgment against the Count 12 Defendants as follows:

- A. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form actual damages to property in the amount of: \$8,555,000.00
- B. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of actual damages to businesses in the amount of: \$70,800,000.00
- C. Plaintiffs pray for punitive damages for injuries suffer to Plaintiffs property in the amount of: \$. 125,665,000.00
- D. Plaintiffs pray for punitive damages for injuries suffered to Plaintiffs business in the amount of: \$512,400,000.00
- E. Plaintiffs pray for reasonable attorney's fees should the Plaintiffs obtain the services of legal counsel in this matter.
- F. Plaintiffs pray for all reasonable court costs, and costs of bringing forth this matter including the costs of filing, recording costs, costs of discovery, costs of depositions, costs of travel to obtain depositions, as well as, copying and mailing costs associated in this matter.
- G. Plaintiffs pray for any and all other relief in the ends of, and in the pursuit of justice and any equitable relief this Honorable Court decides would be appropriate due to the gravity of the matter and the heinous acts of the Defendants.

304. PLAINTIFFS DEMAND A JURY TRIAL.

PRAYER

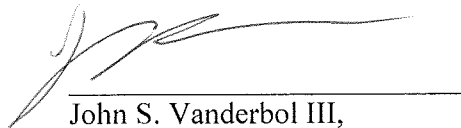
Plaintiffs pray for all the relief request, and any as well as all relief which this Honorable Court can grant within its inherent powers, in the pursuit of Justice.

Dated: November 21st, 2019.

Respectfully Submitted



Erica Quinn,
Petitioner, Pro Se.



John S. Vanderbol III,
Petitioner, Pro Se.

ERICA@3pmg.net
3245 Main Street, Suite 235-329
Frisco, Texas. 75034.
Telephone: 940 301 9410

FederalCase@3pmg.net
3245 Main Street, Suite 235-329
Frisco, Texas. 75034.
Telephone: 940 315 1156

Certificate of Service.

I hereby certify that on November, 21st 2019, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing U.S. Mail, postage prepaid and to Defendants' legal counsel via the Court's electronic filing system, upon the following:

Defendant Auto.

State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co.
1 State Farm Plaza
Bloomington, Il. 61710
County: McLean
Telephone: 800-782-8332

Defendant Fire.

State Farm Fire and Casualty Co.
3 State Farm Plaza
Bloomington, Il. 61710
County: McLean
Telephone: 309 722 2311

Defendant Tipsord

C/o State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co.
1 State Farm Plaza
Bloomington, Il. 61710
County: McLean
Telephone: 800-782-8332

Defendant Smith

C/o State Farm Fire and Casualty Co.
1 State Farm Plaza
Bloomington, Il. 61710
County: McLean
Telephone: 800-782-8332

Defendant Harbert

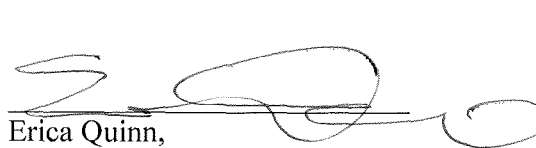
C/o State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co.
1 State Farm Plaza
Bloomington, Il. 61710
County: McLean
Telephone: 800-782-8332

Defendant Farney

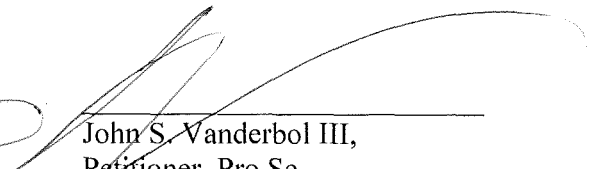
C/o State Farm Fire and Casualty Co.
1 State Farm Plaza
Bloomington, Il. 61710
County: McLean
Telephone: 800-782-8332

Defendant Wey

C/o State Farm Fire and Casualty Co.
3 State Farm Plaza
Bloomington, Il. 61710
County: McLean
Telephone: 309 722 2311



Erica Quinn,
Petitioner, Pro Se.
ERICA@3pmg.net
3245 Main Street, Suite 235-329
Frisco, Texas. 75034.
Telephone: 940 301 9410



John S. Vanderbol III,
Petitioner, Pro Se.
FederalCase@3pmg.net
3245 Main Street, Suite 235-329
Frisco, Texas. 75034.
Telephone: 940 315 1156